

Sherzod Abdullaev



Short Bio/CV

Nationality: Uzbekistan

WORK EXPERIENCE

2014-2019y.

2019 – till now Assistant in the department of Facultative and hospital internal medicine of Tashkent Pediatric Medical Institute

Assistant professor in the department of Facultative and hospital internal medicine of Tashkent Pediatric Medical Institute

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

2007-2010y. Master student in Internal medicine at Tashkent Medical academy, Tashkent, Uzbekistan

2000-2007y. Bachelor student at Tashkent medical academy, Tashkent, Uzbekistan

Conferences and Seminars

10/2019	Attended “Scientific and Educational Interaction Day” (Vienna, Austria)
05/2019	Attended “Introductory Course on Epidemiology” (Innsbruck, Austria)
10/2017	Attended “EURECA-m CME course” (Taormina, Italy)
04/2016	Attended “Omics” contributions to physiopathology in CKD and new actors (Hamburg, Germany)
04/2015	Attended 3 rd Inherited kidney diseases workshop (Cairo, Egypt)
08/2014	Attended Salzburg Medical Seminars International in Internal medicine (Salzburg, Austria)
03/2014	Attended CME course “Uremic toxicity and accelerated aging” (Madrid, Spain)
04/2013	Attended “EURECA-m CME course” (Lyon, France)
06/2012	Attended CME course “St.Petersburg’s renal week” (St.Petersburg, Russia)
06/2011	Attended CME course “CKD Epidemiology, Prevention and Management” (Istanbul, Turkey)
06/2009	Attended Salzburg Medical Seminars International in Internal medicine (Salzburg, Austria)

Languages

Language	Read	Write	Speak
Uzbek (Native)	Fluent	Fluent	Fluent
Russian	Fluent	Fluent	Fluent
English	Very good	Very good	Very good

Computer skills

Microsoft Office Word,
Microsoft Office Excel,
Microsoft Office Power Point,
Microsoft Office Access

Candidate's Statement

Since cardiovascular diseases, diabetes mellitus and chronic kidney disease are combined by common risk factors and mechanisms of progression, comprehensive prevention of these diseases should be carried out.

A particular danger of CKD, as, indeed, of diabetes mellitus and arterial hypertension, is that the disease can be asymptomatic for a long time. Therefore, despite the fact that there are simple and affordable methods for early diagnosis, in a significant part of patients, renal dysfunction is still determined at late stages, when the opportunity to slow the progression of the disease through nephroprotective therapy has already been missed. In this regard, it is very important to identify patients at risk through professional examinations and screening.

My statement as an ISN Regional Board leader and ISN Councillor is to train healthcare professionals on the earliest possible diagnosis, treatment and prevention of chronic kidney disease via granting programs, education and research.